

I. ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Completion Date of Approved Jurisdictional Determination (AJD): 26-JAN-2021 ORM Number: NAO-2012-02097 Associated JDs: N/A or ORM numbers and identifiers (e.g. HQS-2020-00001-MSW-MITSITE) Review Area Location¹: State/Territory: VA City: County/Parish/Borough: Prince Edward County

Center Coordinates of Review Area: Latitude 37.32541 Longitude -78.47365

II. FINDINGS

- **A. Summary:** Check all that apply. At least one box from the following list MUST be selected. Complete the corresponding sections/tables and summarize data sources.
 - The review area is comprised entirely of dry land (i.e., there are no waters or water features, including wetlands, of any kind in the entire review area). Rationale: N/A or describe rationale.
 - There are "navigable waters of the United States" within Rivers and Harbors Act jurisdiction within the review area (complete table in section II.B).
 - There are "waters of the United States" within Clean Water Act jurisdiction within the review area (complete appropriate tables in section II.C).
 - There are waters or water features excluded from Clean Water Act jurisdiction within the review area (complete table in section II.D).

B. Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 Section 10 (§ 10)²

§ 10 Name	§ 10 Size	§ 10 Criteria	Rationale for § 10 Determination				
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				

C. Clean Water Act Section 404

Territorial Seas and Traditional Navigable Waters ((a)(1) waters)³

(a)(1) Name	(a)(1) Size	(a)(1) Criteria	Rationale for (a)(1) Determination
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

(a)(2) Name	(a)(2) Size	(a)(2) Criteria	Rationale for (a)(2) Determination
A	5371 feet	(a)(2) Perennial tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	The perennial stream contributes surface water flow directly into Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW
A2	367 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream X an $(a)(2)$ water which flows directly into Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW
В	137 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream A an $(a)(2)$ water which flows directly into Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW

Tributaries ((a)(2) waters):

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B2	287 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream X an
		contributes surface water flow	(a)(2) water which flows directly into Long Branch an
		directly or indirectly to an (a)(1)	(a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox
		water in a typical year	River an (a)(1) TNW
С	51 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream A an
		contributes surface water flow	(a)(2) water which flows directly into Long Branch an
		directly or indirectly to an (a)(1)	(a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox
		water in a typical year	River an (a)(1) TNW
D2	46 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream X an
		contributes surface water flow	(a)(2) water which flows directly into Long Branch an
		directly or indirectly to an (a)(1)	(a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox
		water in a typical year	River an (a)(1) TNW
E - R4	25 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream A an
		contributes surface water flow	(a)(2) water which flows directly into Long Branch an
		directly or indirectly to an (a)(1)	(a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox
		water in a typical year	River an (a)(1) TNW
E2	159 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream X an
		contributes surface water flow	(a)(2) water which flows directly into Long Branch an
		directly or indirectly to an (a)(1)	(a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox
		water in a typical year	River an (a)(1) TNW
F2	69 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream X an
		contributes surface water flow	(a)(2) water which flows directly into Long Branch an
		directly or indirectly to an (a)(1)	(a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox
		water in a typical year	River an (a)(1) TNW
F4	588 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream X an
		contributes surface water flow	(a)(2) water which flows directly into Long Branch an
		directly or indirectly to an (a)(1)	(a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox
		water in a typical year	River an (a)(1) TNW
G	422 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream A an
		contributes surface water flow	(a)(2) water which flows directly into Long Branch an
		directly or indirectly to an (a)(1)	(a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox
		water in a typical year	River an (a)(1) TNW
G2	59 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream X an
		contributes surface water flow	(a)(2) water which flows directly into Long Branch an
		directly or indirectly to an (a)(1)	(a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox
		water in a typical year	River an (a)(1) TNW
G4	55 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream A an
		contributes surface water flow	(a)(2) water which flows directly into Long Branch an
		directly or indirectly to an (a)(1)	(a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox
		water in a typical year	River an (a)(1) TNW
Н	101 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream A an
		contributes surface water flow	(a)(2) water which flows directly into Long Branch an
		directly or indirectly to an (a)(1)	(a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox
		water in a typical year	River an (a)(1) TNW
H2	82 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream X an
		contributes surface water flow	(a)(2) water which flows directly into Long Branch an
		directly or indirectly to an (a)(1)	(a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox
		water in a typical year	River an (a)(1) TNW
I	88 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream A an
		contributes surface water flow	(a)(2) water which flows directly into Long Branch an
		directly or indirectly to an (a)(1)	(a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox
		water in a typical year	River an (a)(1) TNW

¹ Map(s)/Figure(s) are attached to the AJD provided to the requestor.

² If the navigable water is not subject to the ebb and flow of the tide or included on the District's list of Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigable waters list, do NOT use this document to make the determination. The District must continue to follow the procedure outlined in 33 CFR part 329.14 to make a Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigability determination.

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J	200 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1)	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream A an $(a)(2)$ water which flows directly into Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox
N	1597 feet	 water in a typical year (a)(2) Perennial tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year 	River an (a)(1) TNW The Perennial stream is a tributary to Stream A an (a)(2) water which flows directly into Long Branch an (a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an (a)(1) TNW
0	48 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream N that flows directly to Stream A an (a)(2) water which flows directly into Long Branch an (a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an (a)(1) TNW
Q	14 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream N that flows directly to Stream A an $(a)(2)$ water which flows directly into Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW
S	964 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Long Branch an (a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an (a)(1) TNW
U	102 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream S that flows directly into Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW
V	40 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream S that flows directly into Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW
W	197 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	The Intermittent stream is a tributary to Stream S that flows directly into Long Branch an (a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an (a)(1) TNW
х	3106 feet	(a)(2) Perennial tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	The perennial stream contributes surface water flow directly into Long Branch an (a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an (a)(1) TNW

Lakes and ponds, and impoundments of jurisdictional waters ((a)(3) waters):

(a)(3) Name	(a)(3) Size	(a)(3) Criteria	Rationale for (a)(3) Determination	
P3 - POW		(a)(3) Lake/pond or impoundment of a jurisdictional water inundated by flooding from an $(a)(1)$ - $(a)(3)$ water in a typical year	Man made lake constructed in an (a)(2) tributary	

Adjacent wetlands ((a)(4) waters):

[(a)(4) Name	(a)(4) Size	(a)(4) Criteria	Rationale for (a)(4) Determination
	A3	0.0099 acres		The wetland is abutting stream J which is an a(2) water
				that contributes surface water flow directly into Stream
				A an (a)(2) water which flows directly into Long Branch

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			an (a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an (a)(1) TNW in a typical year
A4	0.0035 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream X which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
B3	0.1265 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream A which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
B4	0.1838 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream X which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
C3	0.0264 acres	 (a)(4) Wetland separated from an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water only by an artificial structure allowing a direct hydrologic surface connection between the wetland and the (a)(1)- (a)(3) water in a typical year 	The adjacent wetland is separated from Stream A an $(a)(2)$ water by a manmade feature and during normal conditions in a typical year contributes hydrology to the $(a)(2)$ water
D3	0.0178 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream A which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
E3	0.0008 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream A which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
F3	0.122 acres	(a)(4) Wetland separated from an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water only by an artificial structure allowing a direct hydrologic surface connection between the wetland and the (a)(1)- (a)(3) water in a typical year	The adjacent wetland is separated from Stream A an (a)(2)water by a manmade feature and during normal conditions in a typical year contributes hydrology to the (a)(2) water
G3	0.0486 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream N which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly into Stream A an $(a)(2)$ water which flows directly into Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
H3	0.0151 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream N which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly into Stream A an $(a)(2)$ water which flows directly into Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
12	0.2041 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland flows off site but is directly abutting Long Branch an (a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an (a)(1) TNW in a typical yea
13	0.0028 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream N which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly into Stream A an $(a)(2)$ water which flows directly into Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year

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J2	0.0098 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream A which is an a(2) water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch
			an (a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an (a)(1) TNW in a typical year
J3	0.0112 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream N which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly into Stream A an $(a)(2)$ water which flows directly into Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
к	0.1205 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream N which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly into Stream A an $(a)(2)$ water which flows directly into Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
K2	0.0185 acres	(a)(4) Wetland separated from an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water only by a natural feature	The adjacent wetland is separated from Stream A an $(a)(2)$ water by a natural berm and during normal conditions in a typical year contributes hydrology to the $(a)(2)$ water
КЗ	0.0033 acres	 (a)(4) Wetland separated from an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water only by an artificial structure allowing a direct hydrologic surface connection between the wetland and the (a)(1)- (a)(3) water in a typical year 	The wetland is abutting stream N which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly into Stream A an $(a)(2)$ water which flows directly into Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
L2	0.0221 acres	(a)(4) Wetland separated from an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water only by an artificial structure allowing a direct hydrologic surface connection between the wetland and the (a)(1)- (a)(3) water in a typical year	The adjacent wetland is separated from Stream A an $(a)(2)$ water by a manmade feature and during normal conditions in a typical year contributes hydrology to the $(a)(2)$ water.
M2	0.0196 acres	(a)(4) Wetland separated from an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water only by a natural feature	The adjacent wetland is separated from Stream A an (a)(2)water by a natural berm and during normal conditions in a typical year contributes hydrology to the (a)(2) water
O2	0.0685 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream W which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
P2	0.06 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream W which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
P3 - PEM	0.0184 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream X which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
P3 - PFO	0.1977 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream X which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
P3 - PSS	0.1674 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream X which is an a(2) water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch

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			an (a)(2) water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an (a)(1) TNW in a typical year
Q2	0.0163 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream A which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
Q3	0.0221 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream X which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
R2	0.0033 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream X which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
R3	0.0138 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream X which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
S2	0.0441 acres	(a)(4) Wetland separated from an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water only by a natural feature	The adjacent wetland is separated from Stream A an (a)(2)water by a natural berm and during normal conditions in a typical year contributes hydrology to the (a)(2) water
S3	0.0333 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream X which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
Τ2	0.1051 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream H which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly into Stream A an $(a)(2)$ water which flows directly into Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
Т3	0.0533 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream X which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
U2	0.0115 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream A which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
U3	0.0051 acres	 (a)(4) Wetland separated from an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water only by an artificial structure allowing a direct hydrologic surface connection between the wetland and the (a)(1)- (a)(3) water in a typical year 	The adjacent wetland is separated from Stream X an (a)(2)water by a manmade feature and during normal conditions in a typical year contributes hydrology to the (a)(2) water
V2	0.0945 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream I which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly into Stream A an $(a)(2)$ water which flows directly into Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
V3	0.0058 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream H2 which is an a(2) water that contributes surface water flow directly stream

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			X which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
W2	0.0076 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream A which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
W3	0.0039 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream X which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
X2	0.0034 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream J which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly into Stream A an $(a)(2)$ water which flows directly into Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
Х3	0.0374 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream X which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
Y2	0.0202 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream A which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
Y3	0.0115 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream E2 which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly stream X which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
Z2	0.0221 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is abutting stream J which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly into Stream A an $(a)(2)$ water which flows directly into Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year
Z3	0.0354 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) water	The wetland is maintains the connection and is abutting stream F2 and stream G2 which are $a(2)$ waters that contributes surface water flow directly stream X which is an $a(2)$ water that contributes surface water flow directly Long Branch an $(a)(2)$ water that flows directly into the Appomattox River an $(a)(1)$ TNW in a typical year

D. Excluded Waters or Features

Excluded waters $((b)(1) - (b)(12))^4$:

Exclusion Name	Exclusion Size	Exclusion ⁵	Rationale for Exclusion Determination
C2	174 feet	an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The stream was evaluated using the North Carolina Division of Water Quality Methodology for Identification of Intermittent and Perennial Streams and Their Origins and onsite observations during site visits. The stream

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⁴ Some excluded waters, such as (b)(2) and (b)(4), may not be specifically identified on the AJD form unless a requestor specifically asks a Corps district to do so. Corps Districts may, in case-by-case instances, choose to identify some or all of these waters within the review area.



			has ephemeral flow and does not convey surface water flow to a downstream jurisdictional water in a typical year, therefore, it is not jurisdictional.
C4	120 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The stream was evaluated using the North Carolina Division of Water Quality Methodology for Identification of Intermittent and Perennial Streams and Their Origins and onsite observations during site visits. The stream has ephemeral flow and does not convey surface water flow to a downstream jurisdictional water in a typical year, therefore, it is not jurisdictional.
D	108 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The stream was evaluated using the North Carolina Division of Water Quality Methodology for Identification of Intermittent and Perennial Streams and Their Origins and onsite observations during site visits. The stream has ephemeral flow and does not convey surface water flow to a downstream jurisdictional water in a typical year, therefore, it is not jurisdictional.
D4	63 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The stream was evaluated using the North Carolina Division of Water Quality Methodology for Identification of Intermittent and Perennial Streams and Their Origins and onsite observations during site visits. The stream has ephemeral flow and does not convey surface water flow to a downstream jurisdictional water in a typical year, therefore, it is not jurisdictional.
E - R6	120 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The stream was evaluated using the North Carolina Division of Water Quality Methodology for Identification of Intermittent and Perennial Streams and Their Origins and onsite observations during site visits. The stream has ephemeral flow and does not convey surface water flow to a downstream jurisdictional water in a typical year, therefore, it is not jurisdictional.
E4	354 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The stream was evaluated using the North Carolina Division of Water Quality Methodology for Identification of Intermittent and Perennial Streams and Their Origins and onsite observations during site visits. The stream has ephemeral flow and does not convey surface water flow to a downstream jurisdictional water in a typical year, therefore, it is not jurisdictional.
F	66 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The stream was evaluated using the North Carolina Division of Water Quality Methodology for Identification of Intermittent and Perennial Streams and Their Origins and onsite observations during site visits. The stream has ephemeral flow and does not convey surface water flow to a downstream jurisdictional water in a typical year, therefore, it is not jurisdictional.
L	559 feet	(b)(1) Surface water channel that does not contribute surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	The channel system has both intermittent and ephemeral flow characteristics that dissipate prior to the confluence with Stream A. The area between stream L and stream G4 also does not meet the criteria for a wetland as is shown in the data sheet submitted by Timmons Group, labeled FDS-23A5-1. The area is considered Non-channelized, diffuse stormwater and overland sheet flow cannot sustain a regular or

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			predictable surface water connection between upstream and downstream waters and therefore cannot maintain jurisdiction between such waters.
L3	0.0009 acres	(b)(1) Non-adjacent wetland	Wetland abuts Stream L, a feature meeting the exclusion criteria of a (b)(1) water, therefore wetland does not have a direct hydrologic surface connection to waters identified as a(1)-a(3) in a typical year and is topographically isolated.
М	94 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The stream was evaluated using the North Carolina Division of Water Quality Methodology for Identification of Intermittent and Perennial Streams and Their Origins and onsite observations during site visits. The stream has ephemeral flow and does not convey surface water flow to a downstream jurisdictional water in a typical year, therefore, it is not jurisdictional.
М3	0.0023 acres	(b)(1) Non-adjacent wetland	Wetland abuts Stream L, a feature meeting the exclusion criteria of a (b)(1) water, therefore wetland does not have a direct hydrologic surface connection to waters identified as a(1)-a(3) in a typical year and is topographically isolated.
N2	21 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The stream was evaluated using the North Carolina Division of Water Quality Methodology for Identification of Intermittent and Perennial Streams and Their Origins and onsite observations during site visits. The stream has ephemeral flow and does not convey surface water flow to a downstream jurisdictional water in a typical year, therefore, it is not jurisdictional.
N3	0.0031 acres	(b)(1) Non-adjacent wetland	Wetland abuts Stream L, a feature meeting the exclusion criteria of a (b)(1) water, therefore wetland does not have a direct hydrologic surface connection to waters identified as a(1)-a(3) in a typical year and is topographically isolated.
O3	0.0006 acres	(b)(1) Non-adjacent wetland	Wetland abuts Stream L, a feature meeting the exclusion criteria of a (b)(1) water, therefore wetland does not have a direct hydrologic surface connection to waters identified as a(1)-a(3) in a typical year and is topographically isolated.
Ρ	107 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The stream was evaluated using the North Carolina Division of Water Quality Methodology for Identification of Intermittent and Perennial Streams and Their Origins and onsite observations during site visits. The stream has ephemeral flow and does not convey surface water flow to a downstream jurisdictional water in a typical year, therefore, it is not jurisdictional.
R	404 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The stream was evaluated using the North Carolina Division of Water Quality Methodology for Identification of Intermittent and Perennial Streams and Their Origins and onsite observations during site visits. The stream has ephemeral flow and does not convey surface water flow to a downstream jurisdictional water in a typical year, therefore, it is not jurisdictional.

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Т	112 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The stream was evaluated using the North Carolina Division of Water Quality Methodology for Identification of Intermittent and Perennial Streams and Their Origins and onsite observations during site visits. The stream has ephemeral flow and does not convey surface water flow to a downstream jurisdictional water in a typical year, therefore, it is not jurisdictional. The stream was evaluated using the North Carolina Division of Water Quality Methodology for Identification of Intermittent and Perennial Streams and Their Origins and onsite observations during site visits. The stream has ephemeral flow and does not convey surface water flow to a downstream jurisdictional water in a typical year, therefore, it is not jurisdictional.
Y	87 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The stream was evaluated using the North Carolina Division of Water Quality Methodology for Identification of Intermittent and Perennial Streams and Their Origins and onsite observations during site visits. The stream has ephemeral flow and does not convey surface water flow to a downstream jurisdictional water in a typical year, therefore, it is not jurisdictional.
Z	433 feet	(b)(1) Surface water channel that does not contribute surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	The channel system has both intermittent and ephemeral flow characteristics that dissipate about 400 feet prior to the confluence with Stream A2. The area between stream Z and stream F4 also does not meet the criteria for a wetland as is shown in the data sheet submitted by Timmons Group, labeled FDS-23A5-2. The area is considered Non-channelized, diffuse stormwater and overland sheet flow cannot sustain a regular or predictable surface water connection between upstream and downstream waters and therefore cannot maintain jurisdiction between such waters.

III. SUPPORTING INFORMATION

- A. Select/enter all resources that were used to aid in this determination and attach data/maps to this document and/or references/citations in the administrative record, as appropriate.
 - **_X_** Information submitted by, or on behalf of, the applicant/consultant: *Timmons Group December 2020.*
 - This information (is) sufficient for purposes of this AJD.
 - Data sheets prepared by the Corps: *Title(s) and/or date(s)*.
 - Photographs: (NA, aerial, other, aerial and other) Title(s) and/or date(s). Google Earth December 2020, and site phots provided by Timmons Group.
 - X_ Corps Site visit(s) conducted on: Date(s). November 6, 2020, September 4, 2020
 - X_ Previous Jurisdictional Determinations (AJDs or PJDs): NAO-2012-2097 January 21, 2013
 - X_ Antecedent Precipitation Tool: <u>provide detailed discussion in Section III.B.</u>
 - **K** USDA NRCS Soil Survey: USDA NRCS Web soils survey, November 2020

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X USFWS NWI maps: *COE GIS System January 2021* **_X_** USGS topographic maps: *1"=24,000' - Farmville*

Other data sources used to aid in this determination:

Data Source (select)	Name and/or date and other relevant information
USGS Sources	N/A.
USDA Sources	N/A.
NOAA Sources	N/A.
USACE Sources	N/A.
State/Local/Tribal Sources	N/A.
Other Sources	N/A.

- **B. Typical year assessment(s):** Field conditions were considered to be wetter than normal according to the APT results.
- C. Additional comments to support AJD: N/A or provide additional discussion as appropriate.

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